

POLICY: Gift Acceptance Policy		
APPROVED:	REVISED/REAFFIRMED:	SUBJECT TO REVIEW:
	March 2021	

### BACKGROUND

The West Vancouver Community Foundation *aka* West Vancouver Foundation ("Foundation") was established in 1979. As a registered charity, West Vancouver Foundation accepts donations from individuals, organizations, foundations, and corporations that support the stated Purpose and Values, as approved by the Board of Directors, benefitting the communities we serve. The registered charity business number is *13217 1679 RR0001* 

### TERMINOLOGY

Definitions. Each of the following words and terms used in this Policy have the meaning given to them

below: "Board" means the board of directors of the Foundation;

"CEO" means the chief executive officer of the Foundation;

"Director" means a member of the Board of the Foundation;

**"Foundation**" means the West Vancouver Community Foundation, a society incorporated under the *Societies Act* (British Columbia);

"Finance Committee" means the finance committee of the Foundation;

"**Person**" means and includes an individual, corporation, partnership, firm, sole proprietorship, joint venture, venture capital or hedge fund, society, association, trust, unincorporated organization, estate, group, body corporate (including a limited liability company and an unlimited liability company), the Crown or any agency or instrumentality thereof or any other juridical entity, or any trustee, executor, administrator or other legal representative, Governmental Entity, syndicate or other entity, whether or not having legal status;

## **GIFT ACCEPTANCE POLICY PURPOSE**

A gift acceptance policy is important to ensure donations are used to further the purpose of the Foundation and includes appropriate consideration of donor objectives. It provides clarification, along with Fund Agreements, of roles, responsibilities and expectations of both the Foundation and its donors.

A gift acceptance policy provides guidance for decision-making. It ensures that gifts to the Foundation are made in accordance with legal and ethical regulations and guidelines and promotes consistent practices in exercising fiduciary responsibilities.

This policy will help to enhance long-term relationships with donors and encourages donors and Foundation representatives to work together to provide the most effective benefits to our community. The Foundation shall abide by all applicable laws governing the charitable sector.

## **GIFT ACCEPTANCE POLICY**

- 1. **Consistency with Foundation purpose:** Gifts must be consistent with the overall purpose and values of the Foundation, all applicable statutory provisions, and must not compromise the Foundation's integrity. The Foundation may, in its discretion, refuse a gift on these grounds.
- 2. **Undue influence:** Persons acting on behalf of the Foundation shall inform, serve, guide or otherwise assist donors who wish to support the Foundation's activities, but never under any circumstances are they to pressure or unduly persuade.
- 3. **Parameters of gifts:** Foundation volunteers, friends and staff members are authorized to encourage donors to make gifts to the Foundation within the parameters of the **Gift Acceptance Policy.**

### **Independent Advice**

- 4. **Clarity of intent:** The Foundation encourages donors to work with professional advisors in making gifts. It shall not solicit or accept a gift from a donor unless it is satisfied that the donor has a bona fide charitable intention and has an accurate understanding of the consequences of the donation, the work of the Foundation, and the uses to which the gift will be put.
- 5. **Seeking independent advice:** Persons acting on behalf of the Foundation shall encourage potential donors to consult independent legal and tax professionals to ensure that donors receive a full and accurate explanation of the nature and consequences of their gifts.
- 6. The Foundation will not serve as executor of a donor's will.

### **Delegated Authority**

- 7. **Authority to negotiate:** The CEO is authorized to negotiate gift agreements with prospective donors and their professional advisors in accordance with the guidelines set forth in this Policy.
- 8. **Authority to accept:** Outright gifts of cash, publicly traded securities, and life insurance do not require approval by the Board of Directors unless there are unusual restrictions or circumstances involved.

# **Gift Types**

- 9. *Gifts Accepted:* The Foundation routinely accepts only property that is readily marketable at reasonable cost. That refers to cash equivalents (including deposit instruments of a government or financial institution in Canada), publicly traded securities, policies of life insurance, bequests or any other property that the Foundation has identified within its investment policies.
- 10. **Acceptance of Other Forms of Property**: The Foundation recognizes that donors will occasionally wish to gift property that is not readily marketable, such as real estate, art, jewelry, private corporation shares or residuary interests in trusts. While the Foundation is generally pleased to accept gifts, it has to be careful to evaluate whether there may be "hidden costs" in accepting such property. The Finance Committee will be consulted on all gifts of property prior to responding to donor.
- 11. A non-exhaustive list of gift types, including relevant points for consideration, is set out in **Appendix A**.
- 12. **Related Costs**: Any gift-related costs such as legal fees, appraisals, real estate commissions and taxes relating to acceptance, maintenance, management or re-sale of a gift of property will be the responsibility of the donor unless the Foundation, upon prior agreement, agrees to assume responsibility for any portions of these items.
- 13. **Gifts Requiring Board Approval:** The following gifts must be reviewed by the Finance Committee and approved by the Board of Directors: gifts of real or tangible property and gifts of a residual interest. Before acceptance and approval, relevant information about the gift shall be ascertained, including a copy of any appraisal secured by the donor. The Foundation reserves the right to obtain its own appraisal for gifts of real or tangible property or other property whose value is not readily ascertainable.
- 14. **Disposition of Gift:** The Foundation does not make any representation that by accepting a gift it will retain the property or employ the donated property for the same purposes as the donor used it. For example, absent an agreement, if the Foundation acquires a residence as a gift, it will not retain it as an office or retreat but will sell it and invest the proceeds in accordance with its investment policy.
- 15. *Gifts Not Accepted*: The Foundation reserves the right to decline a gift. Based on review, from time to time the Foundation may make suggestions to the donor regarding revision to the gift terms or may choose to decline the gift. It reserves the right to decline a gift based on:
  - lack of congruency with the Foundation's purpose;
  - the gift does not appear free and voluntary;
  - desire of the donor to exert unacceptable conditions or controls over disbursement of the net income from the gift;
  - liability is attached to the gift which creates an undesired financial burden on the Foundation;
  - negative cost of ownership related to administration time, management and marketability of the gift;
  - unacceptable risks;
  - the gift violates federal, provincial, or municipal laws and regulations.
  - the Foundation cannot offer charitable annuities
  - other factors agreed to by the Board of Directors

## Receipts

- 16. **Charitable Tax Receipt:** The Foundation shall issue a charitable tax receipt within 30 days of receipt of the gift. For gifts of shares, a tax receipt shall be issued for the earlier of either the trading price or the closing price on the day the Foundation's broker receives the shares, assuming liquidity.
- 17. **Benefit to Donor:** The legal nature of a charitable gift is that a donor cannot expect/or receive financial or other benefits or opportunities to flow from the gift.

### **Fund Agreements**

18. *Fund Agreements:* The Foundation works with donors to develop agreements with respect to the name, nature, limits and purpose of their gifts at the time a gift is made. Fund agreements specify the type of fund created (permanent or flexible).

Fund agreements will clearly identify that it is the responsibility of the Board of Directors to approve all disbursements of net income from permanent funds. These agreements will be developed where the donor is giving specific recommendations to the Foundation as to the distribution of the earnings generated by their gift. All fund agreements requiring execution by the Foundation shall first be reviewed and approved as to form and content by the Foundation's legal counsel. Where substantially the same agreement is used repeatedly, only the template needs to be approved. All fund agreement intents must be approved by the Board of Directors.

- 19. **Donor-Advised Funds:** There are limits on a donor's capacity to impose restrictions on charitable gifts. A donor may, however, at the time the gift is made and even subsequently, by agreement with the Foundation, place limits on the uses to which a gift may be put. Further, the donor or the donor's designated representatives may advise the Board of the Foundation on the application of the earnings of his or her gift and the Board shall generally consider and respect such advice. Beyond that a donor cannot legally restrict the Foundation.
- 20. *Flexible Funds*: As a service to the region, the Foundation is prepared to accept from time to time the receipt and disbursement of gifts that are not intended to be held as permanent funds. The Foundation will act in accordance with all relevant policies in administrating these Flexible funds.
- 21. **Preservation of Donor's Intention:** Where, by prior agreement, the Board agrees to receive the advice of donors on the distribution of grants, the Foundation shall not seek to pass judgment on the value or merit of the donor's proposed application so long as the income is applied according to legal provisions to a charitable purpose.

Should the Foundation cease to exist or become incapable of administering a fund to fulfill a donor's purpose, the Foundation shall employ its best possible efforts to ensure continued application of the fund to the purpose originally contemplated by the donor.

### **Administration Policies**

22. The Foundation adopts policies that regulate administrative charges on its funds, manage the investment of the funds, determine the appropriate portion of funds to distribute for charitable granting purposes or retain as capital to protect against erosion by inflation.

Except for more precise agreement with the donor overriding these general policies, the Foundation shall apply its policies equitably to all funds under its control and may amend such policies from time to time.

## Monitoring

23. The Board oversees the Foundation's management and ensures the affairs of the Foundation are being conducted in a manner that achieves its goals, consistent with the Foundation's mission.

## Privacy

- 24. The Foundation may set out on its website and print publications the names of all funds created and the names of all donors who have provided a gift. The Foundation shall seek each donor's consent for this public disclosure. For estate gifts (or other gifts received from a deceased donor), the Foundation will seek consent from the executor and/or family members as appropriate.
- 25. Unless anonymity is specifically requested by a donor, the donor's name, contact information (if provided) and gift amount disclosed will be made available to the relevant fund representative.
- 26. If a donor does not wish to have information about his/her donation disclosed, he/she may make a request for anonymity. Further information can be found in the Foundation's Privacy Policy.

# WVF GIFT ACCEPTANCE POLICY APPENDIX A -TYPES OF GIFTS

The following is a non-exhaustive list of gift types that may be considered by the West Vancouver Foundation as an eligible donation:

### • Cheques, Money Order, Bank Draft, Credit Card, Electronic Transfer

These gifts are accepted, whether received in person, by transfer, mail or online. Due to security issues gifts of cash must be pre-arranged and pre-approved by the CEO or a designated officer.

### • Publicly traded securities

Gifts of marketable publicly traded securities shall be accompanied by a completed <u>Gift of</u> <u>Securities form.</u> Donors are encouraged to review matters with their professional advisors to confirm whether a tax exemption would apply.

### • Non-publicly traded securities/Private company shares

Gifts of closely held, non-market securities or private shares are assessed by the Investment Committee and/or an assigned representative prior to acceptance.

### • Registered Plan Assets

West Vancouver Foundation can be named as the beneficiary for any types of the following:

- o Registered Retirement Savings Plans
- Registered Retirement Income Funds
- Tax Free Savings Account (TSFA)

### Real property including real estate, art, jewelry, etc.

Gifts of property or real estate may be made in various ways: outright or residual interest in it. Guidelines:

- Donors shall provide qualified appraisals of proposed gifted property.
- The Foundation may, at its discretion, obtain a third independent appraisal, and, in such cases, issue a receipt based on the Foundation's own appraisal.
- The Foundation shall satisfy itself that the donor has clear title to the property.
- The Foundation shall review all pertinent factors, including in the case of real property, zoning restrictions, marketability, prior land use, current use and cashflow, to ascertain that acceptance of the gift would be in the best interests of the Foundation.
- If the real estate possibly contains toxic wastes, the donor shall secure an environmental audit and provide the results to the Board of Directors. No property containing toxic wastes shall be accepted prior to removal and/or indemnification of the Foundation against all present and future liabilities.

### • Bequests

A donor who advises the Foundation, in confidence, of a proposed testamentary gift to the Foundation, shall be asked to provide, if possible, a copy of that section of the Will naming the Foundation. The donor may also wish to execute an agreement with the Foundation directing the charitable use of the proposed testamentary gift. The Foundation will not serve as executor of a donor's will.

### • Life Insurance

There are various methods by which a life insurance policy may be contributed to the Foundation. A donor may:

- Commence a life insurance policy of which the Foundation is the owner and beneficiary.
- Assign irrevocably a paid-up policy to the Foundation.
- Assign irrevocably a life insurance policy on which premiums remain to be paid and a charitable tax receipt shall be issued for premium amounts.
- Name the Foundation as a primary or successor beneficiary of the proceeds.

When ownership is irrevocably assigned to the Foundation, the donor is entitled to a gift receipt for the greater of fair market value (as determined by a third party evaluation) or net cash surrender value (if any) and for any premiums subsequently paid. The Board of Directors may at its discretion have a third party evaluation made on the policy donated.

### • Residual Interest in a property

This type of gift refers to an arrangement under which a property interest is conveyed to the Foundation, but the donor retains use of the property, or income from the property, for life or a specified term of years. For example, the donor might give a residual interest in a personal residence and continue living there or a residual interest in a painting and continue to display it. The owner is entitled to a charitable tax receipt for the present value of the residual interest.

### Guidelines:

The donor shall continue to be responsible for real estate taxes, insurance, utilities and maintenance after transferring title to the property unless the Foundation, upon prior approval of the Board of Directors, agrees to assume responsibility for any of these items. The Foundation is entitled to require that the donor provide proof of payment of those expenses for which the donor is responsible. The Foundation reserves the right to inspect the property from time to time to assure that its interest is properly safeguarded.